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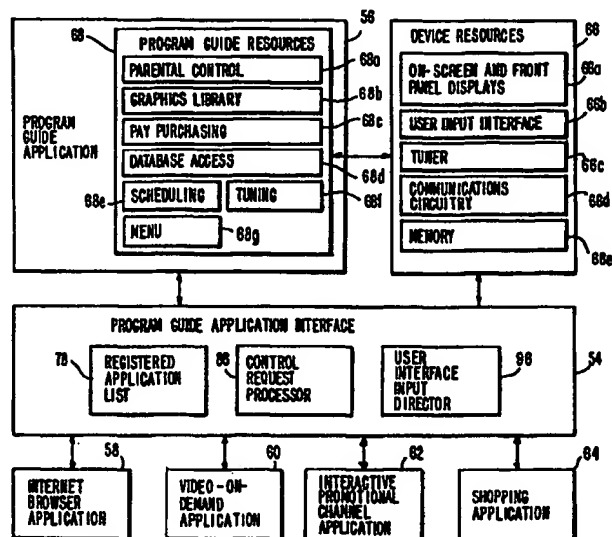
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(54) Title: PROGRAM GUIDE APPLICATION INTERFACE SYSTEM



(57) Abstract

A program guide system is provided that supports a program guide application and multiple non-guide applications. The program guide system has a program guide application interface that allows the non-guide applications to use both device resources and program guide resources. The application interface maintains a list of registered applications and directs control requests from various applications to the current primary application. The application interface also has a user interface input director that directs keystrokes and other user input commands to the appropriate application. If a keystroke for the program guide application is detected while a non-guide application is running, the program guide application is invoked.

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PROGRAM GUIDE APPLICATION INTERFACE SYSTEM

5 Background of the Invention

This invention relates to systems that support an interactive television program guide application and non-guide applications. More particularly, the invention relates to systems in which
10 non-guide applications can use both device resources and program guide resources.

Cable, satellite, and broadcast television systems provide viewers with a large number of television channels. Viewers have traditionally
15 consulted printed television program schedules to determine the programs being broadcast at a particular time. More recently, interactive electronic television program guides have been developed that allow television program information to be displayed on a
20 viewer's television.

Interactive program guides are typically implemented on set-top boxes. Such program guides

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allow users to access television program listings in different display formats. For example, a user may desire to view a grid of program listings organized in a channel-ordered list. Alternatively, the user may
5 desire to view program listings organized by time, by theme (movies, sports, etc.), or by title (i.e., alphabetically ordered).

A user may also select a program for viewing or recording from the program guide. For example, the
10 user may place a highlight region on top of a desired program listing and press a "record" button on a remote control. Pay programs may be ordered by placing the highlight region on a pay program listing and pressing an "order" button. Some program guides allow parents
15 to block certain television programs based on criteria such as ratings information.

It would be desirable if the set-top box on which the interactive program guide is implemented could be used to support other applications in addition
20 to the program guide application. For example, the user of the set-top box might wish to use the set-top box to implement an Internet browser application, a video-on-demand application, an interactive promotional channel application, a shopping application, etc.
25 However, previously known program guide systems have generally been designed to run only one application at a time. With these systems the currently running application typically has exclusive control of set-top box resources such the on-screen display, tuner, remote
30 control interface, light-emitting diodes, communications channels, etc. This may lead to conflicts. For example, if a non-guide application is

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running when the program guide application would normally have issued a reminder (e.g., for an upcoming television event), the user may not be able to receive the reminder. Moreover, the relatively high-level
5 resources of the program guide application (such as parental control, program guide database access functions, etc.) have been unavailable to non-guide applications.

It is therefore an object of the present
10 invention to provide an interactive television program guide system in which a program guide application and other applications may be implemented on the same set-top box and in which non-guide applications may use program guide resources.

15 Summary of the Invention

This and other objects of the invention are accomplished in accordance with the principles of the present invention by providing an interactive program guide system which supports a program guide application
20 and multiple non-guide applications. The system may be implemented on a set-top box or a comparable hardware platform. The program guide application runs on the set-top box to provide an interactive display of television program listings. A user may use the
25 program guide to search for listings based on keywords, to order pay programs, to select a television program for recording, etc. The non-guide applications that run on the set-top box may include applications such as an Internet browser application, a video-on-demand
30 application, an interactive promotional channel application, a shopping application, an electronic mail

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application, an audio-on-demand application, a banking application, a data services application, a wagering application, etc.

The applications use set-top box resources
5 such as a display resource, a user input interface resource, a tuner resource, a communications circuitry resource, a memory resource, etc. The program guide application has program guide resources such as a parental control resource, a graphics library resource,
10 a pay program purchasing resource, a program guide database access resource, a scheduling resource, a tuning resource, a menu resource, etc. The program guide resources are higher level resources than the device resources and are provided as part of the
15 program guide. A program guide application interface allows the non-guide applications to use both the device resources and the program guide resources.

In addition, the program guide application interface allows applications to register and maintains
20 a list of such registered applications. A control request processor within the program guide application interface directs control requests and suspend requests from the applications to the primary application that is running on the set-top box. The primary application
25 processes the control requests and suspend requests and determines whether to relinquish control to a requesting application or whether to suspend operation of the primary application.

The program guide application interface
30 intercepts keystrokes and other user input and determines to which application such user input should be sent. During registration, applications may provide

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the program guide application interface with key lists that identify the keys that application desires to use when it is the active application and when it is a background application.

5 The program guide application interface resolves conflicts between various applications as the applications contend for shared resources. For example, the application interface may coordinate requests from different applications to use the same
10 key or to simultaneously use the display. In resolving such conflicts, the application interface may take account of which resources may not be shared, which resources may be shared without restriction, and which resources may be shared only with the guidance of the
15 application interface.

Further features of the invention, its nature and various advantages will be more apparent from the accompanying drawings and the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments.

20 Brief Description of the Drawings

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram of a system in accordance with the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a schematic diagram of illustrative user television equipment in accordance with the
25 present invention.

FIG. 3 is a schematic diagram showing the relationship between a program guide application interface, program guide application, non-guide applications, and various device resources in
30 accordance with the present invention.

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FIG. 4a is a flow chart of illustrative steps involved in processing requests to use resources with the program guide application interface in accordance with the present invention.

5 FIG. 4b is a flow chart of illustrative steps involved in processing multiple requests to utilize resources with the program guide application interface in accordance with the present invention.

10 FIG. 5 is a flow chart of illustrative steps involved in registering applications with the program guide application interface and maintaining a list of registered applications in accordance with the present invention.

15 FIG. 6a is a flow chart of illustrative steps involved in processing control requests with the program guide application interface in accordance with the present invention.

20 FIG. 6b is a flow chart of illustrative steps involved in processing suspend operation requests with the program guide application interface in accordance with the present invention.

25 FIG. 7 is a flow chart of illustrative steps involved in directing user input to the appropriate application with the program guide application interface of the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

An illustrative program guide system 10 in accordance with the present invention is shown in FIG. 1. Main facility 12 provides data from program guide database 14 to television distribution facility 16 via communications link 18. Link 18 may be a satellite

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link, a telephone network link, a cable or fiber optic link, a microwave link, a combination such links, or any other suitable communications path. Television distribution facility 16 may be a cable system headend, 5 a broadcast distribution facility, or a satellite television distribution facility. If desired, television distribution facility 16 may have the capability to support (either alone or in combination with additional facilities) services such as Internet 10 access, home shopping, video-on-demand services, electronic mail applications, audio-on-demand applications, banking applications, data services applications, wagering applications, etc. For example, if video-on-demand services are desired, television 15 distribution facility 16 may contain a video or audio server. If home shopping services are to be provided, television distribution facility 16 may contain a home shopping database or may support communications to a home shopping service provider. Internet access may be 20 provided by a server within television distribution facility 16 or may be provided by facilitating communications with a separate Internet service provider. Banking, wagering, and data services may be provided using facilities separate from television 25 distribution facility 16. If desired, such separate facilities may be accessed through television distribution facility 16.

The data transmitted by main facility 12 to television distribution facility 16 includes television 30 program guide data such as program times, channels, titles, descriptions and other program listings information, and pay program pricing information, copy

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protection information, etc. If desired, some data may be provided using data sources at facilities other than main facility 12. For example, data for supporting a home shopping application may be provided using a
5 separate data facility (not shown).

Television distribution facility 16 distributes the program guide data and data for other services to multiple users via communications paths 20. Program guide data may be distributed periodically
10 (e.g., once per hour or once each week). Each user has user television equipment 22. User television equipment 22 typically contains a set-top box 24, a videocassette recorder 26, and a television 28. Set-top box 24 may be controlled by a user input device 30
15 such as a remote control, wireless keyboard, mouse, trackball, etc.

Set-top box 24 contains a microprocessor and other circuitry for executing instructions to provide the features of the present invention. For example, an
20 interactive television program guide may be implemented on set-top box 24 by executing a suitable program guide application. Other applications and a program guide application interface are also preferably implemented on set-top box 24. The applications and the program
25 guide application interface may be implemented on user television equipment other than a set-top box if desired. However, the present invention will be illustrated with reference to a set-top box implementation for clarity.

30 Communications paths 20 preferably have sufficient bandwidth to allow television distribution facility 16 to distribute scheduled television

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programming, video-on-demand services, and other video information to user equipment 22 in addition to program guide data and data for other services. If desired, program guide data and data for other services may be distributed by one or more distribution facilities that are similar to but separate from television distribution facility 16 using communications paths that are separate from communications paths 20.

Certain functions such as pay program purchasing may require user equipment 22 to transmit data to distribution facility 16 over communications paths 20. If desired, such data may be transmitted over telephone lines or other separate communications paths (not shown). Functions such as Internet services, home shopping services, etc. may also be provided using separate communications paths.

Multiple television channels (analog, digital, or both analog and digital) may be provided to set-top box 24 via communications path 20. During normal television viewing, the user tunes set-top box 24 to a desired one of these channels. The signal for that television channel may then be provided at video output 32 as a radio-frequency (RF) signal on a predefined channel (e.g., channel 3 or 4) or as a demodulated video signal. The video signal at output 32 is received by videocassette recorder 26, so that the user may record programs. Program recording and other features may be controlled by set-top box 24 using control path 34. A typical control path 34 involves the use of an infrared transmitter coupled to the infrared receiver in videocassette recorder 26 that normally accepts commands from a remote control. Such

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a remote control or other suitable user input device 30 may be used to control set-top box 24, videocassette recorder 26, and television 28.

Television 28 may receive RF or demodulated
5 video signals from videocassette recorder 26 via path 36. The video signals on path 36 may either be generated by videocassette recorder 26 when playing back a prerecorded videocassette or may be passed through from set-top box 24. The video signals
10 provided to television 28 may be real-time video signals such as a broadcast television program, a video-on-demand program, or video for a service with a real-time video component such as a promotional channel or home shopping service. The video signals may also
15 contain information such as graphics and text to be displayed in addition to or in place of such real-time videos.

As shown in FIG. 2, multiple input devices may be used with set-top box 24. For example, infrared
20 remote control 30a may be used to control the interactive program guide. Infrared keyboard 30b may be used when browsing the Internet or to enter information for the program guide. Pointing device 30c, which may be a mouse, trackball, touch-pad or
25 other suitable pointing device, may be used when browsing the Internet. Signals from infrared devices may be received with infrared receiver 38. Other user input devices may be coupled more directly to control circuitry 40. The input devices shown in FIG. 2 are
30 illustrative. Any suitable type of input device may be used, including infrared pointing devices, other types

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of wireless devices, hardwired remotes or keyboards, voice-recognition devices, etc.

Set-top box 24 may contain one or more data ports such as data port 42 for interfacing with local
5 equipment such as a personal computer, printer or the like. Data port 42 may be compatible with any suitable communications protocol, such the IEEE 1394 bus standard, the RS-232 bus standard, or the USB (Universal Serial Bus) standard.

10 Indicators 44 may be used to display certain information directly on set-top box 24. For example, numeric indicators may be used to display the current channel to which set-top box 24 is tuned. Dedicated single-element indicators may be used to indicate that
15 the power in the system is on or that a message has been received, etc.

Infrared transmitter 46 may be used to transmit control commands to the infrared receiver in videocassette recorder 26 (e.g., to direct
20 videocassette recorder 26 to turn on and to record a television program that the user has selected from the program guide).

Memory 48 may be used to store data and instructions for execution by a microprocessor
25 contained in control circuitry 40.

Set-top box 24 also contains tuning, communications, and display circuitry 50. Circuitry 50 handles tuning functions such as receiving and demodulating analog and digital video and audio
30 streams. Circuitry 50 may also descramble pay channels and video-on-demand channels. If a program is copy protected and set-top box 24 receives proper

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authorization, circuitry 50 can remove the copy protection. Parents may lock certain programs so that they cannot be viewed by children. Circuitry 50 may block programs that have been locked by distorting the video and audio supplied at output 32 or by preventing children from tuning to the blocked programs.

Circuitry 50 also handles various communications functions. For example, downstream data such as program guide data from television distribution facility 16 (FIG. 1) may be supplied to set-top box 24 over an in-band, out-of-band, or vertical blanking interval link in communications path 20. Circuitry 50 provides such downstream data to control circuitry 40. Circuitry 50 also handles upstream data such as pay program purchasing information that is supplied to television distribution facility 16 (FIG. 1) over communications path 20. Additional communications functions may be provided using modem 52, which may be linked to television distribution facility 16 (FIG. 1) and other suitable data distribution and service provider facilities via the telephone network. If desired, a cable modem or other high-speed data communications device may be used for certain types of communications.

Circuitry 50 preferably allows various images to be displayed on television 28 via output 32 and path 36. Displayed images may include graphics, text, animations, etc. Images may be displayed in place of video information or may be displayed at the same time as video information (e.g., by using circuitry 50 as an image overlay). Examples of images that may be

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displayed include program listings grids, web pages, product lists, promotional information, etc.

FIG. 3 shows how the system of the present invention has a program guide application interface 54 that supports a program guide application 56 and one or more non-guide applications such as Internet browser application 58, video-on-demand application 60, interactive promotional channel application 62, and shopping application 64. Other non-guide applications that may be supported include electronic mail applications, audio-on-demand applications, banking applications, data services applications, wagering applications, etc. Program guide application interface 54 may be part of program guide application 56 or may be separate, as shown in FIG. 3. Program guide application 56 provides the features of an interactive program guide using program guide resources 68. For example, program guide application 68 may obtain program listings data previously stored in memory using database access resource 68d. Program listings data may be displayed using various templates and display functions of graphics library resource 68b. Pay programs may be purchased using pay purchasing resource 68c. Program guide application 56 allows parents to lock programs using parental control resource 68a. Programs may be scheduled for recording and reminders for certain programs may be set using scheduling resource 68e. Tuning resource 68f may be used to ensure that the channels to which the program guide or other application that uses resource 68f tune satisfy predefined parental control criteria (using resource 68c) and are displayed properly on the viewer's display

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screen (e.g., as a flip or browse display). Tuning resource 68f may also be used to control the front-panel light-emitting diodes (LEDs) or other such display that is used to display channel numbers and the like. Menu resource 68g may be used to display various items on program guide menu display screens. Other illustrative program guide resources may be used to descramble certain programs, to receive and display e-mail, etc.

10 Program guide application interface 54 allows non-guide applications such as non-guide applications 58, 60, 62, and 64 to use program guide resources 68 or to use device resources 66 directly. For example, video-on-demand application 60 may display a list of
15 program titles on television 28 (FIG. 2) using on-screen and front panel display resources 66a (i.e., the display circuitry portion of circuitry 50 of FIG. 2 and any associated set-top box software that drives indicators 44 and television 28). Video-on-demand
20 application 60 may also display a list of program titles on television 28 using program guide graphics library resource 68b. Program guide graphics library resource 68b preferably supports functions for drawing the types of displays used in program guides. Typical
25 graphics library functions include functions for generating lists of television program titles, program listings grids or tables, pay program ordering screens, menus, etc.

 Using graphics library resource 68b involves
30 the use of display resource 66a because implementing the functions of graphics library resource 68b involves the use of the circuitry of display resource 66a.

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Nevertheless, using the functions of graphics library resource 68b rather than using display resource 66a directly conserves resources, because the functions provided by graphics library resource 68b do not need
5 to be duplicated by video-on-demand application 60.

Another program guide resource that video-on-demand application 60 may use is database access resource 68d. Database access resource 68d is a program guide resource that allows program guide
10 application 56 to access program data (e.g., program titles, times, channels, ratings, summary information, etc.) that has been stored in memory. Although such data might be retrieved directly from memory using memory resource 66e, the database management functions
15 of database access resource 68d help facilitate the orderly storage and retrieval of program data in memory. As a result, it is more efficient for video-on-demand application 60 to use database access resource 68d than to duplicate such functions within
20 video-on-demand application 60.

Some of the functions of video-on-demand application 60 may be best provided using device resources 66. For example, when a user places an order for a video, the order may be transmitted via an
25 upstream data path to a video server in television distribution facility 16. Such upstream transmissions can be accomplished using communications circuitry resource 66d.

Another illustrative example involves
30 Internet browser application 58, which primarily relies on direct use of device resources 66. Display functions may be provided using display resource 66a.

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Internet communications functions may be provided using communications circuitry resource 66d (e.g., modem 52 of FIG. 2 and its associated software). Memory resource 66e may be used directly, because database
5 access resource 68d is not required for Internet browsing. Internet browser application 58 can also use the user input interface resource 66b to support pointing device 30c (FIG. 2). If desired, a message light (one of indicators 44 of FIG. 2) may be turned on
10 by Internet browser application 58 whenever Internet e-mail is received. Supporting this function may involve direct use of display resource 66a.

Interactive promotional channel application 62 uses different resources. For example, interactive
15 promotional channel application 62 may not use the message light function of display resource 66a. Interactive promotional channel application 62 may support use of a remote control (user input interface resource 66b). Tuner resource 66c may be used to tune
20 to an appropriate promotional channel from among the various channels of video provided to set-top box 24 via path 20 (FIG. 2). Program guide resources 68 that may be used by interactive promotional channel application 62 include pay purchasing resource 68c,
25 database access resource 68d, and graphics library resource 68b. Pay purchasing resource 68c handles purchasing functions such as entering personal identification numbers (PIN), confirming purchases, and issuing reminders when programs are about to begin.
30 Database access resource 68d handles functions such as accessing titles, broadcast times and program summaries. Graphics library resource 68b may be used

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to display banners and templates for program titles and program summary information.

Shopping channel application 64 may use graphics library resource 68b to display product lists.

5 Communications circuitry resource 66d may be used to transmit product orders to an order processing facility. Various input devices may be supported using user input interface resource 66b, such as remote control 30a, keyboard 30b, and pointing device 30c.

10 These examples are illustrative only.

Various other suitable applications may be used and such applications may use any suitable combinations of functions provided by program guide resources 68 and device resources 66.

15 The process by which program guide application interface 54 handles requests from the non-guide applications to use program guide resources 68 and device resources 66 is shown in FIG. 4a. At step 70, program guide application interface 54 receives and
20 processes requests from applications to use resources (e.g., to use graphics library 68b or display 66a). If a request is made to use one of device resources 66, program guide application interface 54 directs the request to device resources 66 at step 72, so that the
25 requesting application may use the requested device resource 66. If a request is made to use one of program guide resources 68, program guide application interface 54 directs the request to program guide resources 68 at step 74. At step 76, the requesting
30 application uses the device resources 66 that are involved in the use of the requested program guide resources 68 (e.g., the requesting application uses

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display 66a if a request was made to use graphics library 68b, which relies upon the use of display 66a).

When more than one application makes resource requests (for device and/or program guide resources) at the same time, the program guide application interface coordinates the multiple requests so as to avoid contention between applications for the same resources, as shown in FIG. 4b. At step 110, the program guide application interface receives multiple requests from different applications. For example, the program guide application interface may receive simultaneous requests to use display resource 66a from a home shopping application and from the program guide. At step 112, the program guide application interface coordinates the requests thereby resolving the conflicts between the various requesting applications. Any suitable technique may be used to resolve conflicts. For example, the program guide application interface may always favor the program guide over non-program guide applications. Another technique involves weighing the importance of the various requests. With this approach, each application may attach a weight to its requests indicating how urgently the requested resource is needed. Yet another technique for resolving conflicts between multiple applications that request resources at the same time involves using lists that set forth the resource requirements of the applications. For example, each application may submit to the application interface a predefined list of which keys (part of user input interface resource 66b) are desired when that application is active (i.e., an active key list) and a list of which keys are desired

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when the application is running in the background (i.e., a background key list). The application interface may take the contents of such lists into account when deciding how to resolve a conflict between
5 two applications that are requesting use of the same remote control key or any other shared resource. In resolving conflicts, the application interface may take into account that certain resources may be shared, some resources may not be shared, and other resources may be
10 shared, but only through the intervention of the application interface. An example of a resource that may be shared through the intervention of the application interface are the front-panel set-top box light-emitting diodes. At step 114, the program guide
15 application interface directs resource requests to the device and program guide resources.

In order to facilitate operation of the system of the present invention with multiple applications, program guide application interface 54
20 maintains a registered application list 78 (FIG. 3) that allows interface 54 to keep track of which applications are loaded in set-top box 24 (FIG. 2) and how to communicate with them.

The process by which program guide
25 application interface 54 maintains registered application list 78 is shown in FIG. 5. An application registers by supplying a communications address and an identifier to program guide application interface 54. The communications address and identifier are received
30 by program guide application interface 54 at steps 80 and 82. At step 84, program guide application interface 54 updates registered application list 78 of

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FIG. 3 accordingly. At a later time, a registered application may be unregistered (step 85).

The communications addresses in list 78 are used by program guide application interface 54 in
5 sending messages (data or commands) to the various registered applications. Messages from the applications to program guide application interface 54 are tagged with appropriate identifiers. Program guide application interface 54 may identify which application
10 provided a given message by comparing the identifier accompanying the received message to the identifiers in list 78.

Another function of program guide application interface 54 involves processing control requests from
15 various applications (including the program guide application). For example, video-on-demand application 60 may request control in order to turn on a message light or to display a message informing the user that the desired video selection is about to be delivered.
20 If another application (e.g., shopping application 64) currently has primary control of set-top box 24 (FIG. 1), program guide application interface 54 transfers the control request from video-on-demand application 60 to shopping application 64, which may then decide
25 whether to relinquish control.

Program guide application interface 54 contains control request processor 86 for handling control requests. Steps involved in processing control requests with control request processor 86 are shown in
30 FIG. 6a. At step 88, control request processor 86 of program guide application interface 54 receives a control request from a requesting application (e.g.,

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video-on-demand application 60). At step 90, control request processor 86 determines which application is the current primary application and directs the control request to that application. At step 92, the primary application (e.g., shopping application 64) determines whether to relinquish control based on preset or dynamic priorities. If the primary application does not relinquish control to the requesting application at step 92, control returns to step 88. If the primary application does relinquish control at step 92, the requesting application takes primary control of the operation of set-top box 24 (FIG. 1) at step 94.

The operation of control request processor 86 that is shown FIG. 6a is illustrative only. Other suitable arrangements for handling control requests may be used. For example, program guide application interface 54 may handle the determination of which application should maintain primary control of the system rather than the primary application.

As shown in FIG. 6b, control request processor 86 may also handle requests to suspend the operation of the primary application, rather than simply to terminate its operation. At step 116, control request processor 86 of program guide application interface 54 receives a suspend request from a requesting application (e.g., video-on-demand application 60). At step 118, control request processor 86 determines which application is the current primary application and directs the suspend request to that application. At step 120, the primary application (e.g., shopping application 64) determines whether to suspend its operation based on preset or

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dynamic priorities. If the primary application does not suspend its operation at step 120, control returns to step 116. If the primary application does suspend its operation at step 120, the requesting application
5 takes temporary control of the operation of set-top box 24 (FIG. 1) at step 122. The suspension of operation of the primary application may be terminated by a control request directing the requesting application that is in temporary control to relinquish control.
10 Alternatively, at step 124 the program guide application interface may receive an end suspension message and may direct the end suspension message to the primary application whose operation is being temporarily suspended. The primary application may
15 then resume control at step 126. If desired, control request processor 86 may handle both control requests to relinquish control (as shown in FIG. 6a) and suspend operation requests to suspend operation (as shown in FIG. 6b).

20 Another function of program guide application interface 54 is to intercept input from the user interface (e.g., remote control 30a, infrared keyboard 30b, pointing device 30c, etc.) and to direct that input to the appropriate application running within
25 set-top box 24. As shown in FIG. 3, program guide application interface 54 has user interface input director 96 for directing keystrokes, remote control button presses, mouse clicks, etc. to applications 56, 58, 60, 62, and 64. The operation of user interface
30 input director 96 is shown in FIG. 7. At step 98, user interface input director 96 detects user input. At step 100, this user input is directed to the

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appropriate application while conflicts between applications are resolved. In order to resolve conflicts that may occur when multiple applications request access to the same user input device (e.g., remote control keys), each application may submit to the application interface a predefined list of which keys are desired when that application is active (an active key list) and a list of which keys are desired when the application is running in the background (a background key list). Applications may submit such key lists to the application interface at device registration (FIG. 5) or dynamically, at any suitable time during the operation of the system. Applications may assign priorities to their key requests by adding priority entries to the key lists if desired. The application interface may take the contents of such lists into account when deciding how to resolve a conflict between two applications that are requesting use of the same remote control key.

The foregoing is merely illustrative of the principles of this invention and various modifications can be made by those skilled in the art without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention.

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What is Claimed is:

1. A system in which an interactive television program guide and non-guide applications are implemented on user television equipment, comprising:

a plurality of device resources within the user television equipment;

a plurality of program guide resources associated with the interactive television program guide; and

program guide application interface means for allowing the non-guide applications to use both the program guide resources and the device resources.

2. The system defined in claim 1 wherein the program guide application interface means further comprises means for receiving and processing requests to use resources from the non-guide applications.

3. The system defined in claim 1 wherein the program guide application interface means further comprises means for directing requests to use resources that are received from the non-guide applications to the device resources.

4. The system defined in claim 1 wherein the program guide application interface means further comprises means for directing requests to use resources that are received from the non-guide applications to the program guide resources.

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5. The system defined in claim 1 wherein the device resources further comprise at least one device resource selected from the group consisting of: an on-screen display resource, a front-panel display resource, a user input interface resource, a tuner resource, a communications circuitry resource, and a memory resource.

6. The system defined in claim 1 wherein at least one of the program guide resources comprises a tuning resource.

7. The system defined in claim 1 wherein at least one of the program guide resources comprises a parental control resource.

8. The system defined in claim 1 wherein at least one of the program guide resources comprises a graphics library resource.

9. The system defined in claim 1 wherein at least one of the program guide resources comprises a pay program purchasing resource.

10. The system defined in claim 1 wherein at least one of the program guide resources comprises a program guide database access resource.

11. The system defined in claim 1 wherein at least one of the program guide resources comprises a scheduling resource.

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12. The system defined in claim 1 wherein at least one of the program guide resources comprises a program guide menu resource.

13. The system defined in claim 1 further comprising means for maintaining a registered application list.

14. The system defined in claim 1 further comprising means for processing control requests from the program guide application and non-guide applications.

15. The system defined in claim 1 further comprising means for directing user input to the program guide application and non-guide applications.

16. The system defined in claim 1 wherein the plurality of device resources comprise set-top box device resources.

17. The system defined in claim 1 further comprising means for coordinating multiple requests to utilize the device resources.

18. The system defined in claim 1 further comprising means for coordinating multiple requests to utilize the program guide resources.

19. The system defined in claim 1 further comprising means for suspending the operation of one of the applications.

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20. The system defined in claim 1 further comprising:

a user input device; and
means for resolving conflicts between applications that desire access to the user input device at the same time.

21. The system defined in claim 1 further comprising:

remote control keys for controlling the user television equipment; and
means for resolving conflicts between applications that request access to the same remote control keys.

22. A method for using a system in which an interactive television program guide and non-guide applications are implemented on user television equipment, comprising:

providing a plurality of device resources within the user television equipment;
providing a plurality of program guide resources associated with the interactive television program guide; and
allowing the non-guide applications to use both the program guide resources and the device resources.

23. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the program guide application interface further comprises the step of receiving and

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processing requests to use resources from the non-guide applications.

24. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the program guide application interface further comprises the step of directing requests to use resources that are received from the non-guide applications to the device resources.

25. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the program guide application interface further comprises the step of directing requests to use resources that are received from the non-guide applications to the program guide resources.

26. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the device resources further comprises the step of providing at least one device resource selected from the group consisting of: an on-screen display resource, a front panel display resource, a user input interface resource, a tuner resource, a communications circuitry resource, and a memory resource.

27. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the interactive program guide further comprises the step of providing a tuning resource.

28. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the interactive program guide

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further comprises the step of providing a parental control resource.

29. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the interactive program guide further comprises the step of providing a graphics library resource.

30. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the interactive program guide further comprises the step of providing a pay program purchasing resource.

31. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the interactive program guide further comprises the step of providing a program guide database access resource.

32. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the interactive program guide further comprises the step of providing a scheduling resource.

33. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing the interactive program guide further comprises the step of providing a program guide menu resource.

34. The method defined in claim 22 further comprising the step of maintaining a registered application list.

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35. The method defined in claim 22 further comprising the step of processing control requests from the program guide application and non-guide applications.

36. The method defined in claim 22 further comprising the step of directing user input to the program guide application and non-guide applications.

37. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the step of providing device resources comprises the step of providing set-top box resources.

38. The method defined in claim 22 further comprising the step of coordinating multiple requests to utilize the device resources.

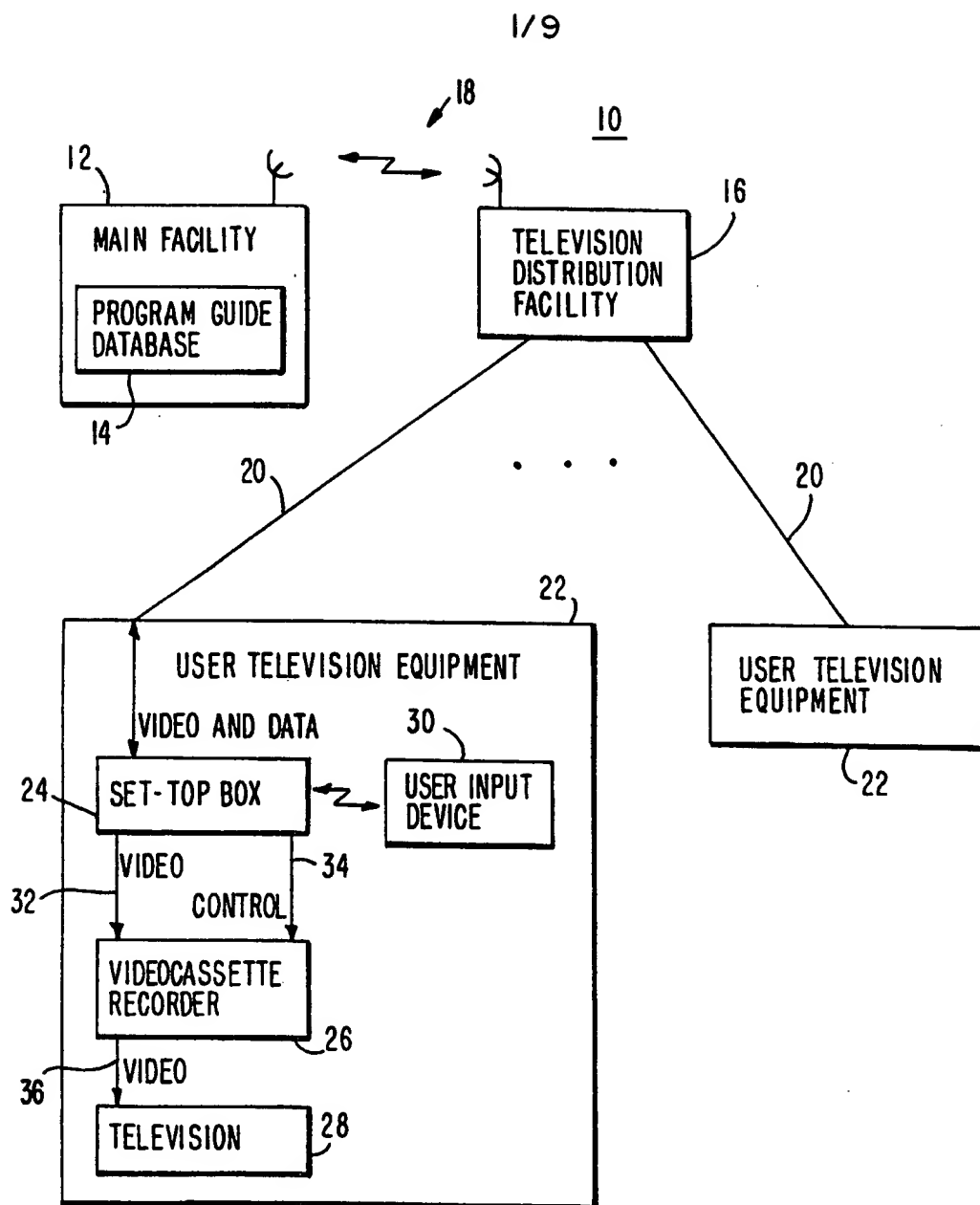
39. The method defined in claim 22 further comprising the step of coordinating multiple requests to utilize the program guide resources.

40. The method defined in claim 22 further comprising the step of suspending the operation of one of the applications.

41. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the system includes a user input device, the method further comprising resolving conflicts between applications that desire access to the user input device at the same time.

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42. The method defined in claim 22 wherein the system includes remote control keys for controlling the user television equipment, the method further comprising resolving conflicts between applications that request access to the same remote control keys.

**FIG. 1**

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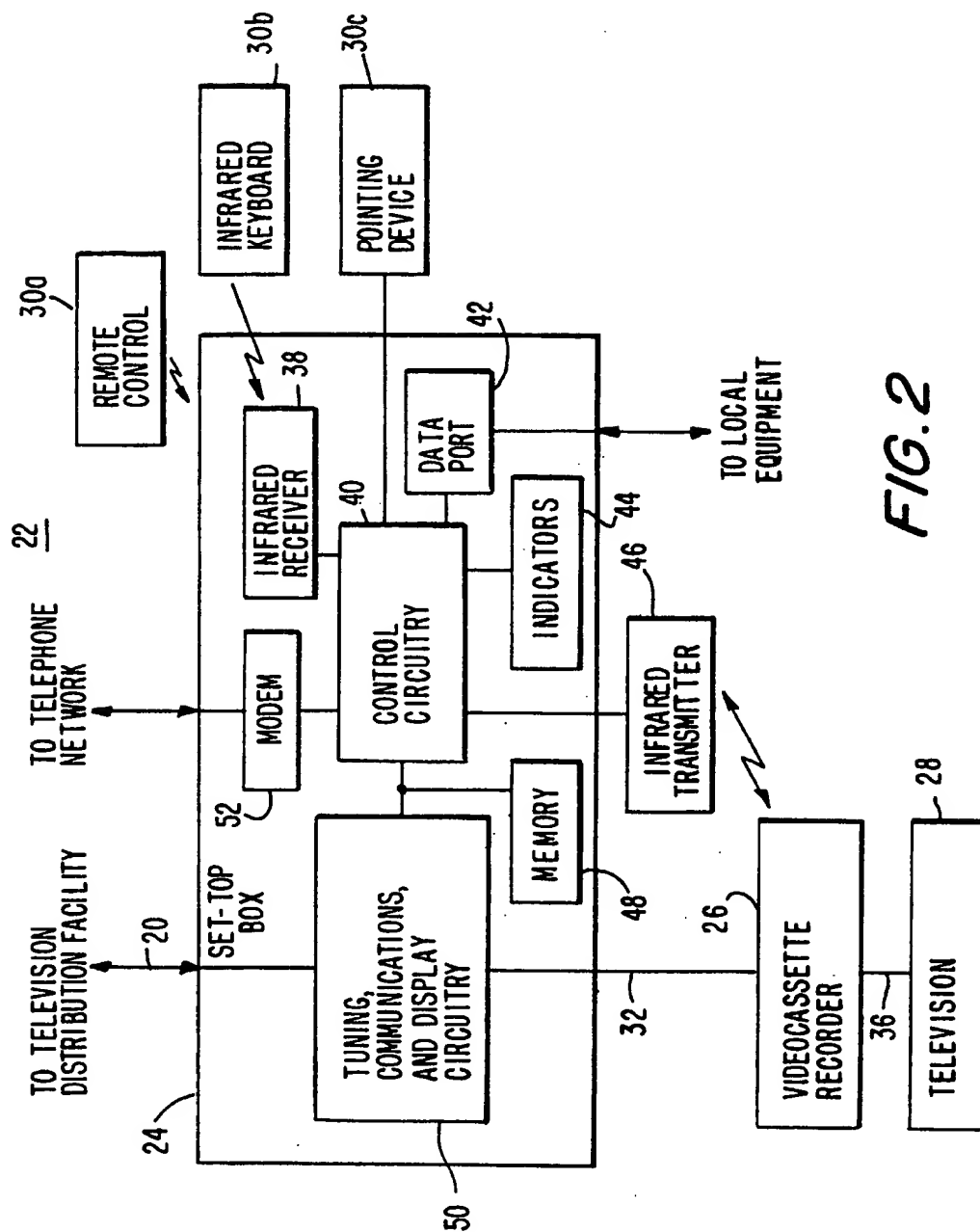


FIG. 2

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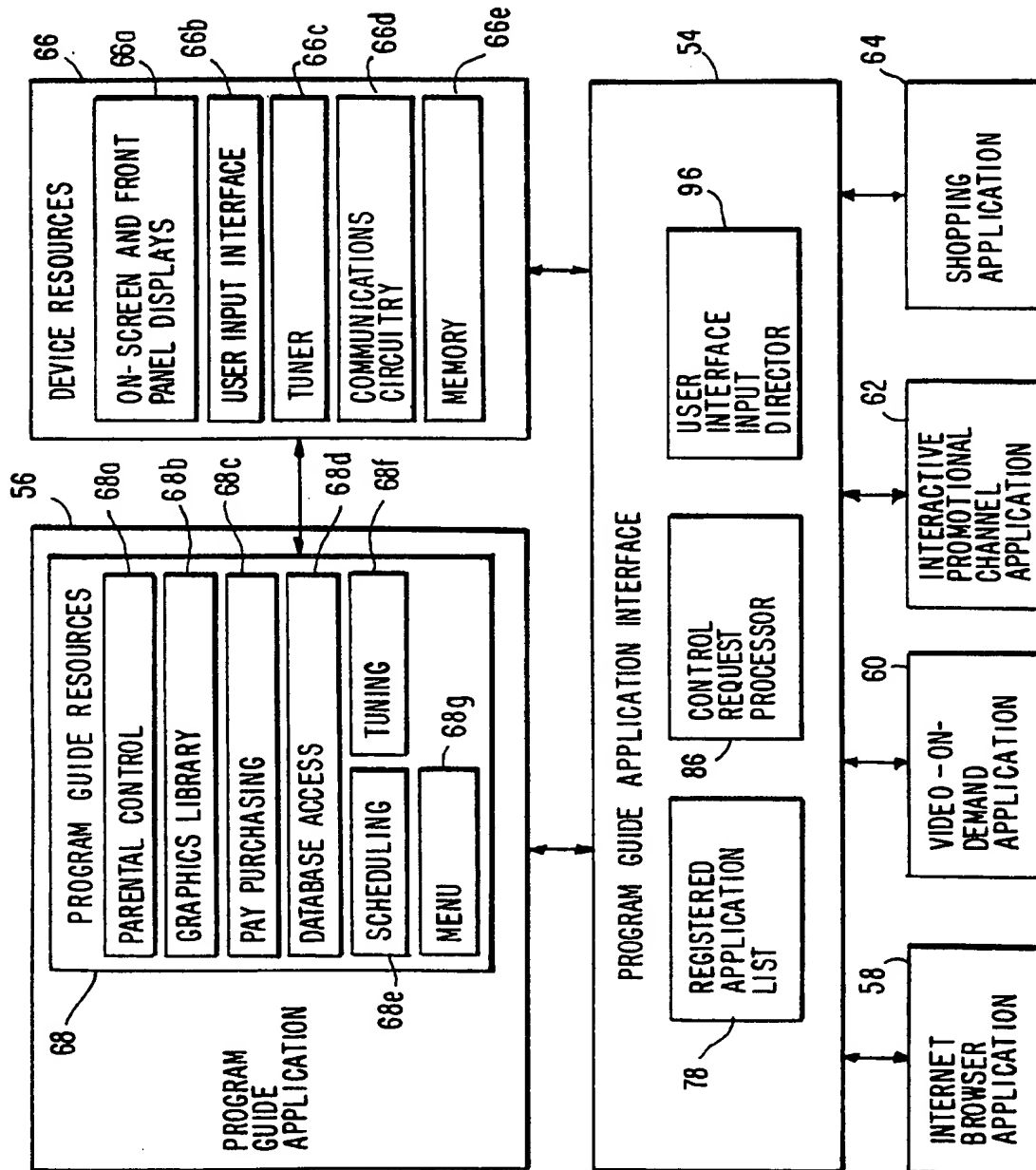
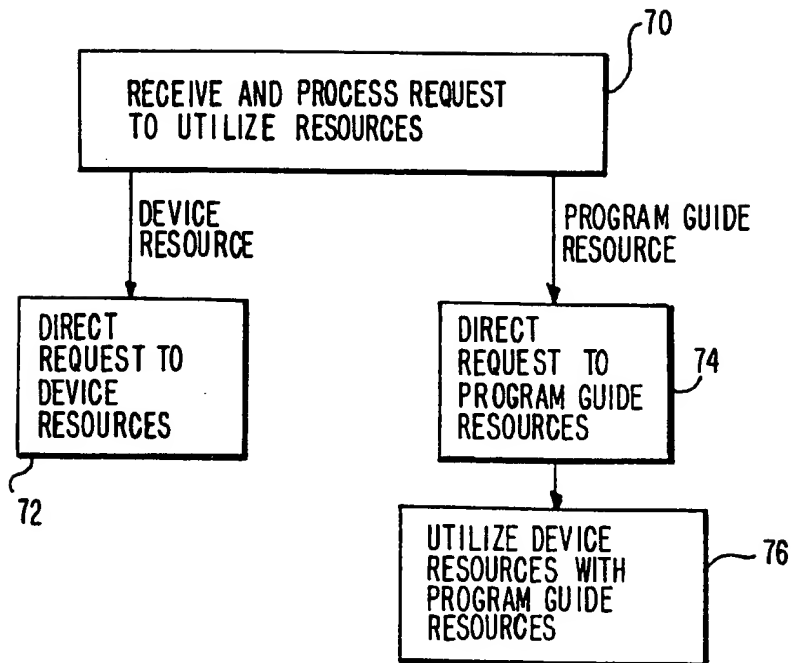
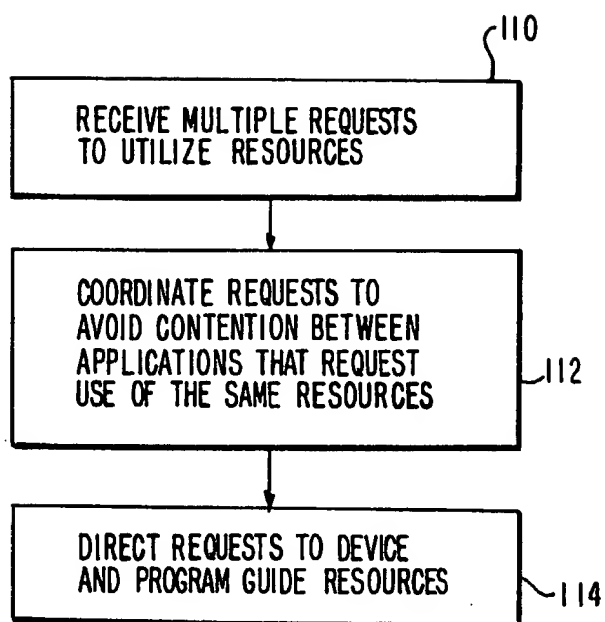


FIG. 3

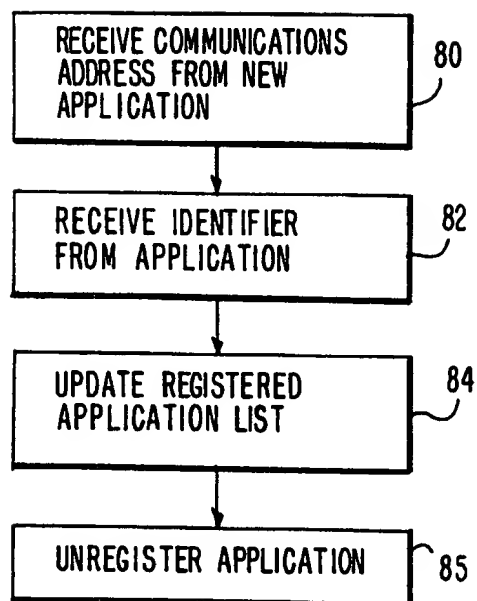
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*FIG. 4a*

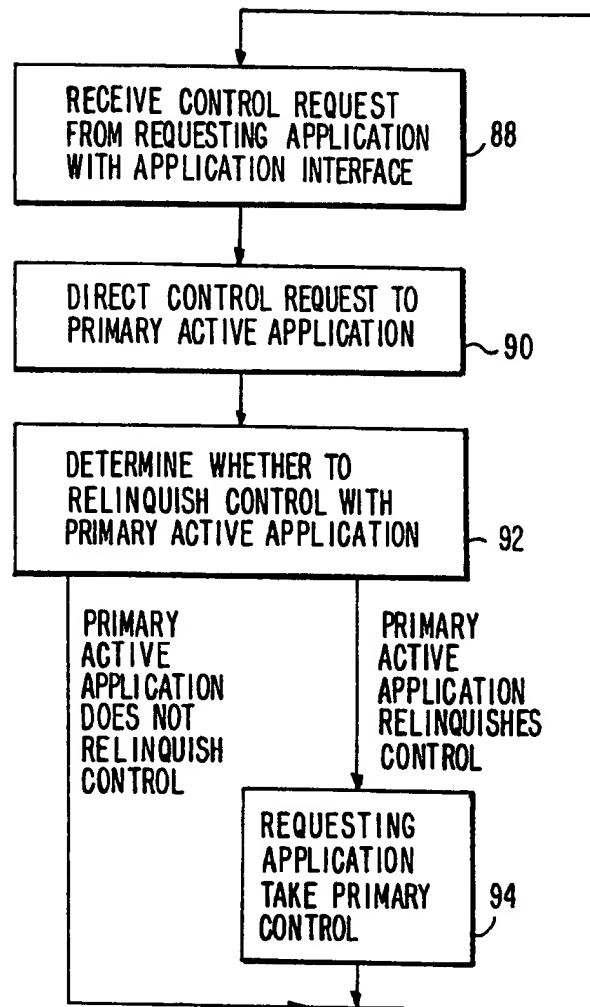
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*FIG. 4b*

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*FIG. 5*

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*FIG. 6a*

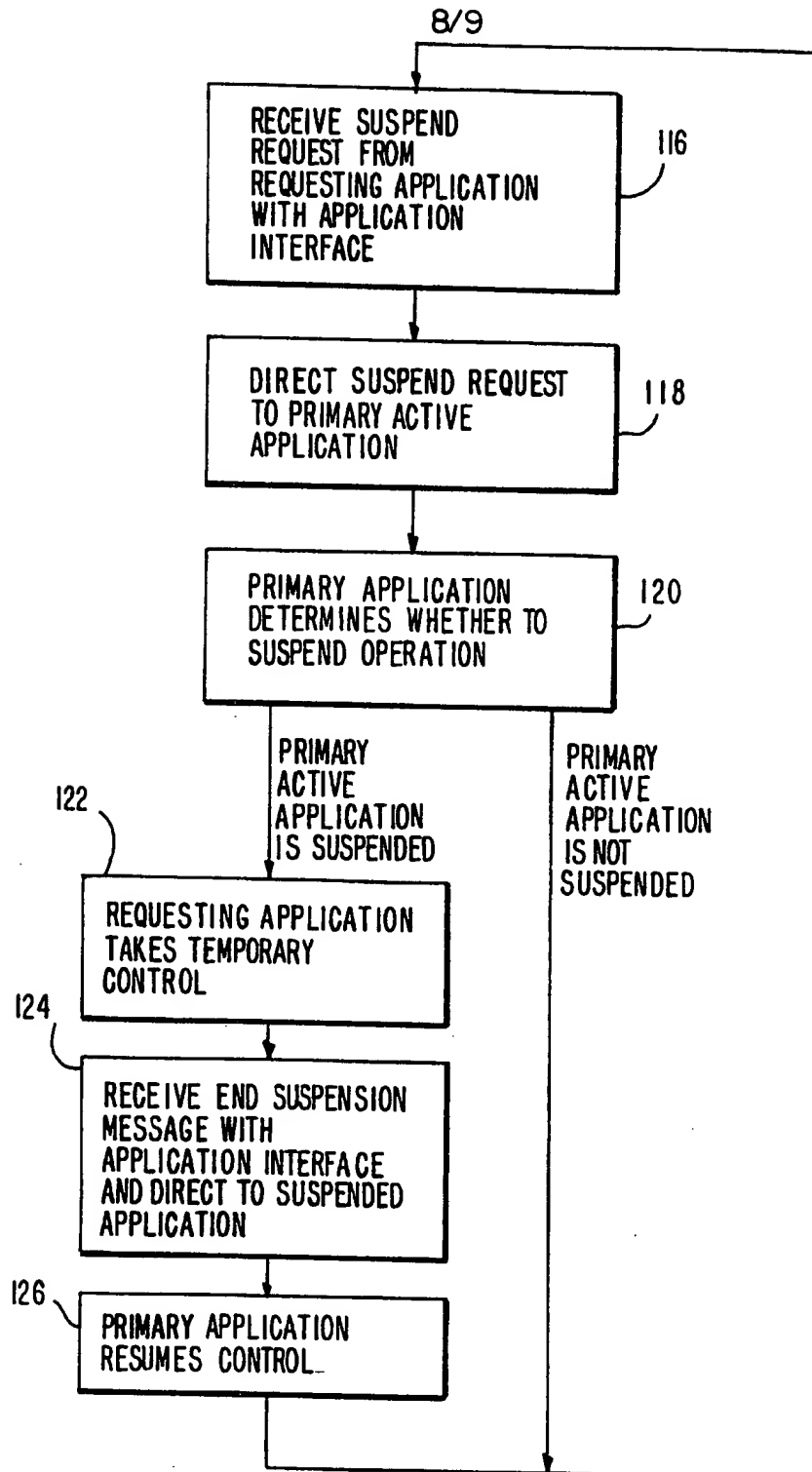
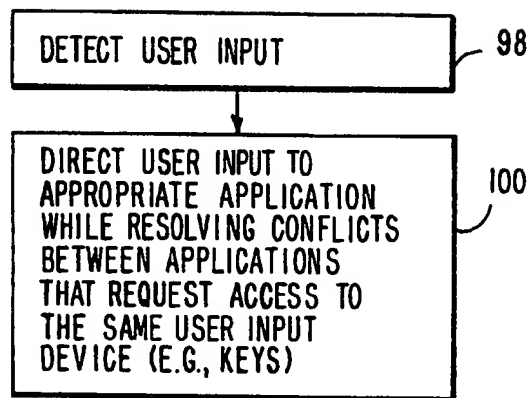


FIG. 6b

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*FIG. 7*

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 98/18191

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 6 H04N5/445

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC 6 H04N

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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A	WO 97 13368 A (STARSIGHT TELECAST INC.) 10 April 1997 see the whole document ---	1-12, 15, 22-33, 36
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☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

Date of mailing of the international search report

10 December 1998

18/12/1998

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 98/18191

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Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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